

The economic
potential of
Khorasan Razavi
at a glance
Land of the Sun

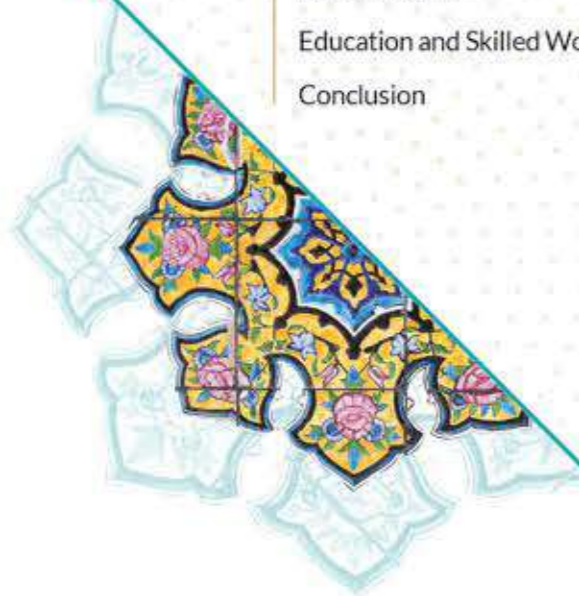
Based on the latest published statistics
by official specialized authorities



The motif used in this work is taken from the tile patterns of the Razavi shrine, and it is used in this work with the aim of reflecting the artistic identity and its place in Razavi Khorasan province.

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Introduction

Khorasan Razavi is one of the largest and most important provinces in Iran, located in the northeast of the country. It is known for its rich history, diverse culture, and economic significance. Here are some key points to introduce Khorasan Razavi:

1. Historical Significance:

Khorasan Razavi has a population of approximately 6.5 million people, making it one of the most populous provinces in Iran. The population is diverse, with a mix of ethnicities, including Persians, Turkmens, and Kurds, contributing to the region's cultural tapestry.

2. Economic Hub:

The province is a significant economic hub in Iran, with a diverse economy that includes industries such as agriculture, mining, textiles, food processing, and handicrafts. It also has a strategic location for trade and commerce, serving as a gateway to Central Asia and neighboring countries.

3. Cultural Heritage:

Khorasan Razavi boasts a rich cultural heritage, with historical sites, museums, and traditional crafts that reflect its long history. The province has preserved many ancient monuments, including the Nishapur archaeological site and Tus, the birthplace of Ferdowsi, the renowned Persian poet.

4. Tourism:

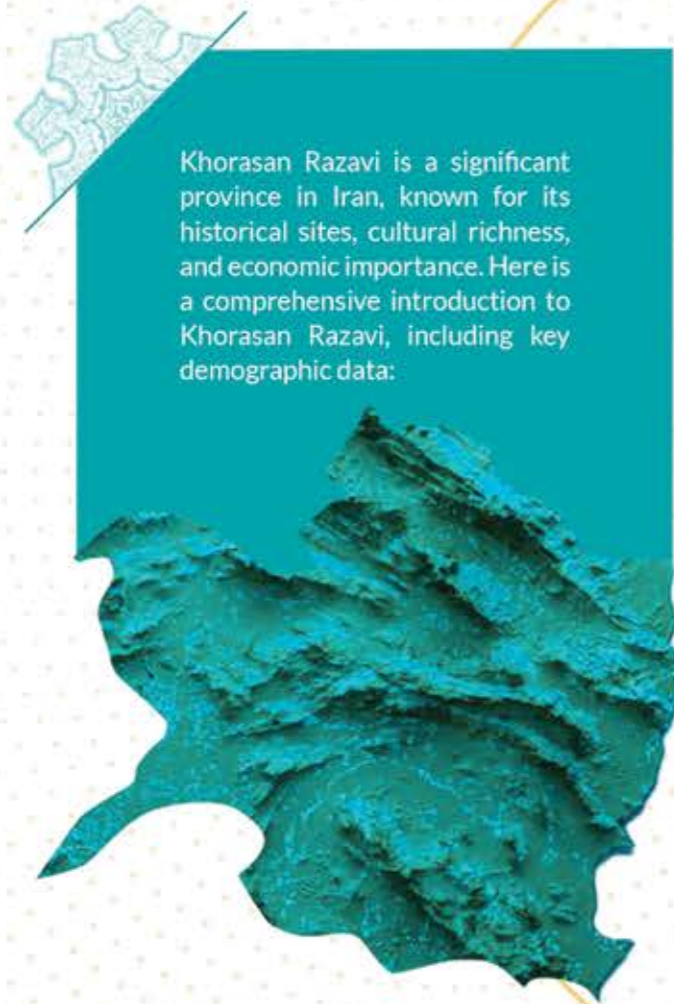
Khorasan Razavi is a popular tourist destination in Iran, offering a mix of historical, religious, and natural attractions. Apart from the holy city of Mashhad, tourists can explore the stunning landscapes of Kalat-e Naderi, the ancient city of Tus, and the colorful bazaars of cities like Neyshabur.

5. Education and Research:

The province is home to prestigious universities and research centers, including Ferdowsi University of Mashhad and Mashhad University of Medical Sciences. These institutions contribute to the intellectual and academic development of the region.

Overall, Khorasan Razavi is a province with a unique blend of history, culture, and economic opportunities. It welcomes visitors and investors alike to explore its diverse offerings and engage in mutually beneficial partnerships.





Khorasan Razavi is a significant province in Iran, known for its historical sites, cultural richness, and economic importance. Here is a comprehensive introduction to Khorasan Razavi, including key demographic data:

Population:

Khorasan Razavi has a population of approximately 6.5 million people, making it one of the most populous provinces in Iran.

Area:

Khorasan Razavi covers an area of around 118,884 square kilometers, making it one of the largest provinces in Iran. The province's diverse geography includes deserts, mountains, and fertile plains, supporting a range of agricultural and industrial activities.

Border:

Khorasan Razavi shares borders with two countries: Turkmenistan to the north and Afghanistan to the east.

Demographic Data:

The province's population is predominantly urban, with Mashhad, the provincial capital, being the largest city and a major cultural and economic center. The population is relatively young, with a growing emphasis on education and skills development. Industries such as agriculture, mining, and manufacturing play a significant role in the province's economy, providing employment opportunities for its residents.

Overall, Khorasan Razavi stands out as a diverse and dynamic province with a rich cultural heritage, strategic location, and a growing population that contributes to its economic and social vitality.



The Mashhad Chamber of Commerce

The Mashhad Chamber of Commerce, Industries, Mines, and Agriculture (MCCIA) was established on [1929].

It currently has more than 4500 members representing various industries and sectors in Mashhad, Iran.

The chamber plays a crucial role in promoting economic growth, facilitating trade and investment, and advocating for the interests of its members in the region.



The Mashhad Chamber of Commerce, Industries, Mines, and Agriculture (MCCIMA) is a prominent organization in Mashhad, Iran, representing the interests of businesses operating in various sectors. It serves as a platform for promoting trade, investment, and economic development in the region.

The chamber plays a vital role in facilitating communication between government authorities and the business community, providing support and services to its members, and organizing events and initiatives to foster growth and collaboration within the business sector.

With its diverse membership base and strategic partnerships, the Mashhad Chamber of Commerce is instrumental in driving the economic progress and competitiveness of the region.





The Magnificent Khorasan Razavi

Khorasan Razavi province, often referred to as "The Magnificent Khorasan," is a region in northeastern Iran known for its rich history, cultural heritage, and natural beauty. Here are some key aspects that contribute to the magnificence of Khorasan Razavi:

1. Historical Significance:

Khorasan Razavi is home to ancient cities and historical sites that date back centuries. The city of Mashhad, the provincial capital, is one of the holiest cities in Iran and a major pilgrimage destination due to the shrine of Imam Reza, the eighth Shia Imam.

2. Cultural Heritage:

The province boasts a diverse cultural heritage, with influences from Persian, Turkic, and Central Asian traditions. This cultural richness is reflected in the architecture, art, music, and cuisine of the region.

3. Natural Beauty:

Khorasan Razavi is characterized by its diverse landscapes, including deserts, mountains, and fertile plains. The region's natural beauty is enhanced by attractions such as the Binaloud Mountains, the Kalat-e Naderi rock formations, and the Akhlamad Wildlife Refuge.

4. Art and Literature:

Khorasan Razavi has been a center of art, literature, and poetry for centuries. The province has produced renowned poets and scholars, such as Ferdowsi, Attar, and Khayyam, who have made significant contributions to Persian literature.

5. Economic Vitality:

The province's economy is dynamic, with sectors such as agriculture, industry, services, and tourism driving growth. Khorasan Razavi's economic significance extends beyond its borders, making it an important economic hub in Iran.

6. Hospitality and Warmth:

The people of Khorasan Razavi are known for their hospitality and warmth, welcoming visitors with open arms and a strong sense of community. This hospitality adds to the province's charm and magnificence.



Overall, Khorasan Razavi's combination of historical significance, cultural heritage, natural beauty, economic vitality, and warm hospitality make it a truly magnificent region in Iran that continues to captivate visitors from around the world.



Geographic Introduction of Khorasan Razavi

Khorasan Razavi province, located in northeastern Iran, is characterized by its diverse geography, rich cultural heritage, and economic significance. The province's geographic introduction plays a crucial role in shaping its development and collaboration opportunities with neighboring regions and countries. Here are some key points highlighting the geographic introduction of Khorasan Razavi and its potential for collaboration:

- 1. Location:** Khorasan Razavi is strategically positioned in northeastern Iran, bordering Afghanistan and Turkmenistan. Its proximity to major transportation routes, including road networks and railways, enhances its connectivity with neighboring countries and international markets. This geographic advantage makes the province a hub for trade, commerce, and cultural exchange.
- 2. Natural Resources:** The province's geography is characterized by diverse landscapes, including mountains, plains, and deserts. Khorasan Razavi is rich in mineral resources, agricultural land, and water sources, providing a strong foundation for economic activities such as mining, agriculture, and water management. Collaborative efforts in resource utilization and sustainable development can benefit both the province and its neighboring regions.
- 3. Cultural Heritage:** Khorasan Razavi is renowned for its historical sites, religious landmarks, and cultural traditions. The city of Mashhad, the provincial capital, is a major pilgrimage center and home to the Imam Reza Shrine, attracting millions of visitors annually. Collaborative initiatives in cultural tourism, heritage preservation, and intercultural dialogue can strengthen ties between Khorasan Razavi and neighboring regions with shared historical legacies.
- 4. Economic Opportunities:** The province's geographic diversity supports a range of economic sectors, including agriculture, industry, tourism, and services. Collaboration in trade, investment, and technology transfer can enhance economic growth and create new opportunities for businesses in Khorasan Razavi and neighboring regions. Cross-border projects and partnerships can leverage the province's strengths and promote regional integration.
- 5. Regional Stability:** Khorasan Razavi's geographic location plays a role in regional stability and security. Collaboration with neighboring countries in areas such as border management, conflict resolution, and disaster response can contribute to peace-building efforts and enhance mutual trust and cooperation. Shared challenges and opportunities in the region can be addressed through collaborative initiatives that promote peace, stability, and sustainable development.



Overall, Khorasan Razavi's geographic introduction presents a platform for collaboration and partnership with neighboring regions and countries. By leveraging its strategic location, natural resources, cultural heritage, and economic potential, the province can foster meaningful relationships, exchange expertise, and work together towards common goals of prosperity, sustainability, and regional integration.



Khorasan Razavi Economic Overview

Here is an economic overview of Khorasan Razavi province:



1. GDP:

Khorasan Razavi is one of the largest provinces in Iran and has a significant contribution to the country's GDP. The province's economy is diverse, with sectors such as agriculture, industry, services, and tourism playing key roles.



2. Agriculture:

Agriculture is a major economic activity in Khorasan Razavi, with the province being known for the production of crops such as saffron, pistachios, and grapes. The fertile lands and favorable climate support a thriving agricultural sector.



3. Industry:

The industrial sector in Khorasan Razavi includes mining, manufacturing, and construction. The province is rich in mineral resources, and industries such as textiles, food processing, and machinery contribute significantly to the economy.



4. Services:

The services sector, particularly in areas like healthcare, education, tourism and technical and engineering services is an important part of Khorasan Razavi's economy. The holy city of Mashhad attracts millions of pilgrims and tourists each year, boosting the services industry.



5. Infrastructure:

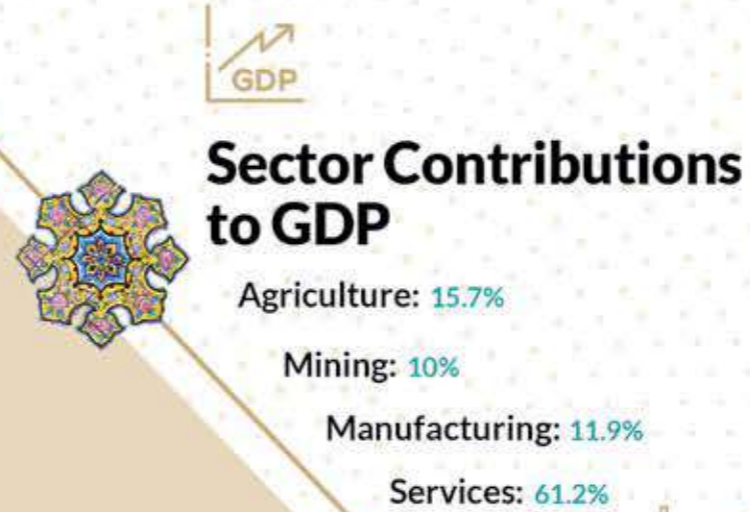
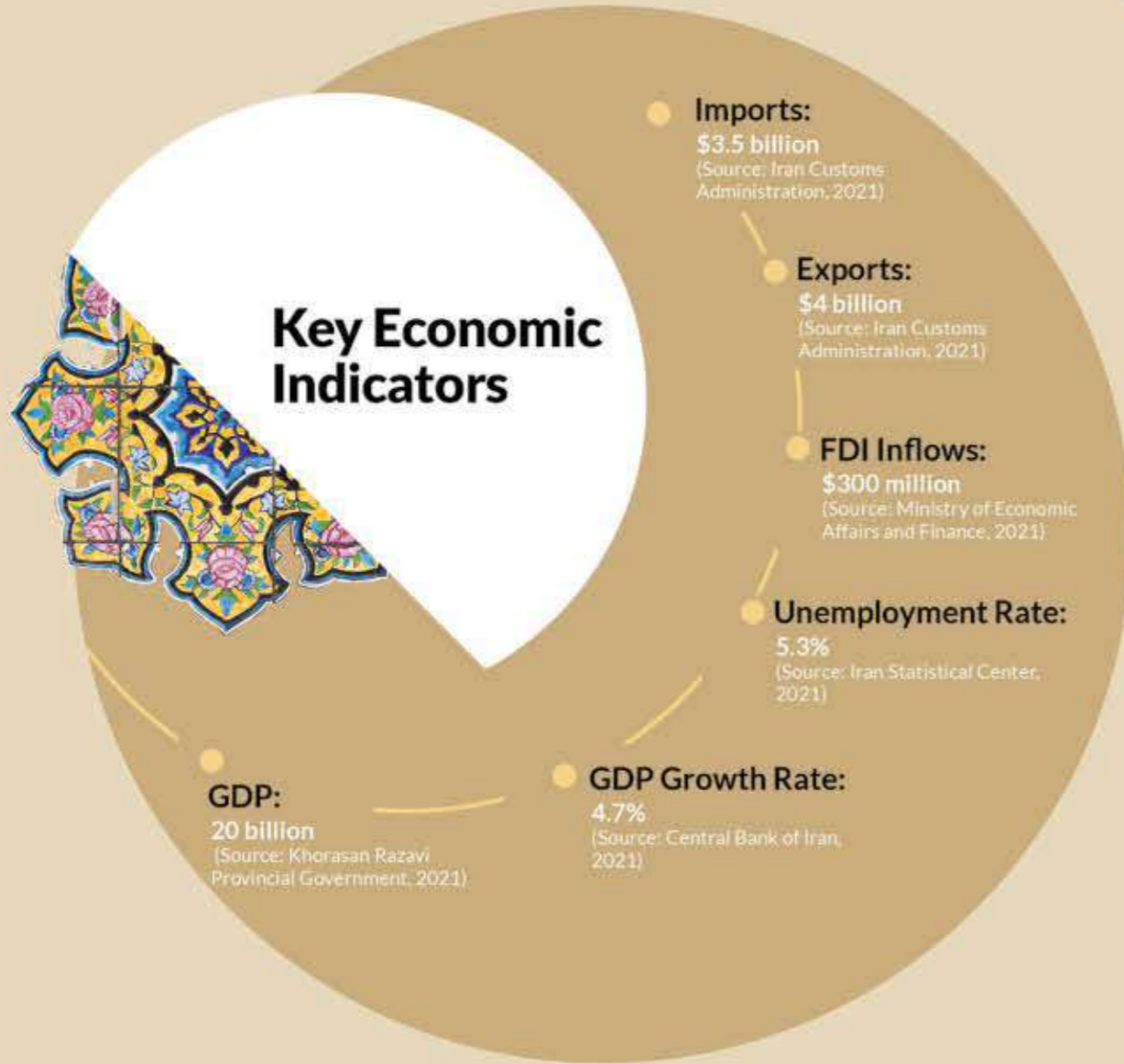
Khorasan Razavi has been investing in infrastructure development to support economic growth. Projects related to transportation, energy, and telecommunications have been undertaken to improve connectivity within the province and with other regions.



6. Trade:

Khorasan Razavi's strategic location near the borders with Afghanistan and Turkmenistan makes it a key hub for trade. The province engages in both domestic and international trade, contributing to its economic vitality.

Overall, Khorasan Razavi province has a diverse economy supported by agriculture, industry, services, and trade. The province's rich resources, strategic location, and investment in infrastructure make it an important economic center in Iran.





Investment Climate

(Source: Tax statistical yearbook 2021)

Ease of Doing Business Ranking:
3rd in Iran

Tax Rate for Corporations:
25%

Special Economic Zones:
2

Customs Duty Reductions:
30% for certain industries



Infrastructure

(Source: Iran Road Maintenance & Transportation Organization statistical yearbook 2020)

Arterial Ways:
2,321 km

Transit Ways:
2,070 km

Railway Network:
1,671 km

Airports:
4 (An international airport and 3 local airports)



Education and Skilled Workforce

Universities:
77

Technical and Vocational Schools:
32

Labor Force with advanced education
(% of total working-age population):
19.9% (Source: Statistical Yearbook of Iran Statistical Center 2021)

Conclusion

The statistics provided in this economic overview are based on data from various official sources in Khorasan Razavi Province and Iran. For the most up-to-date information and detailed analysis, investors are encouraged to consult with relevant government agencies, statistical centers, and industry experts.



Khorasan Razavi
Economic
Sectors



Khorasan Razavi Industrial Sector

Khorasan Razavi province in Iran has a growing industrial sector with diverse capabilities. Here are some key aspects of Khorasan Razavi's industrial capabilities:



Manufacturing Industries:

Khorasan Razavi has a strong manufacturing base, with industries such as textiles, food processing, pharmaceuticals, chemicals, and machinery. The province's industrial zones and parks provide infrastructure and support for various manufacturing activities.



Mining and Minerals:

The province is rich in mineral resources, including copper, coal, gold, and precious stones. Mining activities play a significant role in the economy of Khorasan Razavi, offering opportunities for investment and development in the sector.



Agricultural Processing:

Agriculture is a vital sector in Khorasan Razavi, and the province has a strong focus on agricultural processing industries. Food processing, packaging, and agro-based industries contribute to the value chain of agricultural products in the region.



Handicrafts:

Khorasan Razavi is known for its traditional handicrafts, including carpet weaving, pottery, metalwork, and calligraphy. These artisanal industries not only preserve cultural heritage but also provide opportunities for small-scale entrepreneurship and tourism.



Industrial Zones and Parks:

The province has established industrial zones and parks to promote industrial growth and attract investment. For example, the Mashhad Special Economic Zone offers incentives and facilities for businesses in various sectors to set up operations.



Export Potential:

Khorasan Razavi's industrial capabilities have export potential, especially in sectors like textiles, food products, and minerals. The province's strategic location near international borders and transportation routes enhances its competitiveness in global markets.



Investment Opportunities:

Khorasan Razavi welcomes domestic and foreign investment in various industrial sectors. The province's supportive business environment, skilled workforce, and infrastructure make it an attractive destination for industrial projects and partnerships.

Overall, Khorasan Razavi's industrial capabilities present opportunities for growth, innovation, and collaboration in key sectors. With a focus on sustainable development and leveraging its strengths, the province aims to further enhance its industrial competitiveness and contribute to the national economy.



Khorasan Razavi Manufacturing & Engineering

Manufacturing and engineering play a significant role in the economy of Khorasan Razavi province. Here are some key points about the manufacturing and engineering sectors in the region:

1. Diverse Industries:

Khorasan Razavi is home to a diverse range of industries, including textiles, food processing, machinery, metalworking, and pharmaceuticals. These industries contribute to the province's economic growth and provide employment opportunities for the local population.

2. Industrial Zones:

The province has established industrial zones and parks to attract investment and promote industrial development. These zones provide infrastructure, facilities, and incentives for businesses in sectors such as manufacturing, engineering, and technology.

3. Engineering Expertise:

Khorasan Razavi has a skilled workforce in the field of engineering, including mechanical, electrical, and civil engineers. These professionals play a crucial role in the design, development, and maintenance of infrastructure, machinery, and industrial processes in the province.

4. Manufacturing Excellence:

The manufacturing sector in Khorasan Razavi is known for its excellence in producing a wide range of products, from textiles and agricultural goods to machinery and pharmaceuticals. The province's manufacturing capabilities contribute to its economic competitiveness and growth.

5. Research and Innovation:

The province has research institutions, universities, and technology centers that support research and innovation in manufacturing and engineering. These efforts help drive technological advancements, improve product quality, and enhance the competitiveness of local industries.

6. Export Potential:

Khorasan Razavi's manufacturing and engineering sectors have export potential, with products being shipped to regional and international markets. The province's strategic location near borders and access to transportation networks make it a favorable location for export-oriented industries.

Overall, the manufacturing and engineering sectors in Khorasan Razavi province are vital components of its economy, driving growth, innovation, and employment opportunities. The region's industrial diversity, skilled workforce, research capabilities, and export potential position it as a key player in Iran's manufacturing and engineering landscape.





Khorasan Razavi Mines & Minerals Sector

Mines and minerals are important natural resources in Khorasan Razavi province, contributing to the region's economy and industrial development. Here are some key points about the mines and minerals sector in Khorasan Razavi:

1. Rich Mineral Resources:

Khorasan Razavi is known for its rich mineral resources, including deposits of copper, coal, iron ore, gold, lead, zinc, and other minerals. These resources provide opportunities for mining activities and mineral extraction in the province.

2. Mining Industry:

The mining industry in Khorasan Razavi plays a significant role in the economy, with both large-scale mining operations and small-scale mining activities taking place in the region. The sector contributes to employment, revenue generation, and industrial growth.

3. Mineral Processing:

In addition to mining, Khorasan Razavi is also involved in mineral processing activities, such as refining, smelting, and beneficiation. These processes add value to the extracted minerals and prepare them for use in various industries.

5. Environmental Considerations:

With the mining industry's growth, there is a focus on environmental considerations and sustainable practices in Khorasan Razavi. Measures are being taken to minimize the environmental impact of mining activities and ensure responsible resource management.

7. Regulatory Framework:

The mining sector in Khorasan Razavi operates within a regulatory framework that governs exploration,

4. Investment Opportunities:

The province offers investment opportunities in the mining and minerals sector, attracting domestic and foreign investors interested in exploring and exploiting its mineral resources. The government has implemented policies to promote investment and sustainable development in the sector.

6. Export Potential:

Some of the minerals extracted in Khorasan Razavi have export potential, contributing to the province's trade and economic activities. The region's strategic location and access to transportation networks make it favorable for exporting minerals to domestic and international markets.





Khorasan Razavi Agriculture Sector

The agriculture sector plays a crucial role in the economy of Khorasan Razavi province, contributing significantly to the region's prosperity and livelihoods. Here are some key points about the agriculture sector in Khorasan Razavi:

- 1. Crop Diversity:** Khorasan Razavi is known for its diverse range of agricultural products, including wheat, barley, saffron, fruits (such as pomegranates, grapes, and melons), and vegetables. The province's fertile soil and favorable climate support the cultivation of a variety of crops
- 2. Livestock Farming:** Livestock farming is also a significant component of the agriculture sector in Khorasan Razavi. Cattle, sheep, goats, and poultry are raised in the province, providing meat, dairy products, and other animal products for local consumption and trade.



3. Irrigation Infrastructure: The province has invested in irrigation infrastructure, including dams, canals, and water management systems, to support agricultural activities. These irrigation facilities help ensure water availability for crops and livestock, especially in arid and semi-arid regions.

4. Traditional Practices: In addition to modern farming techniques, Khorasan Razavi also preserves traditional agricultural practices that have been passed down through generations. These practices, such as qanats (underground water channels) and terraced farming, reflect the region's agricultural heritage.

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Overall, the agriculture sector in Khorasan Razavi province is a vital component of the region's economy, providing food security, employment, and economic stability. The province's agricultural richness, irrigation infrastructure, traditional practices, export potential, and role in community livelihoods make it a key player in Iran's agricultural landscape.



Khorasan Razavi Services Sector

The services sector in Khorasan Razavi province is a key component of the region's economy, encompassing a wide range of industries that provide various services to residents and businesses. Here are some key points about the services sector in Khorasan Razavi:



1. Healthcare Services:

Khorasan Razavi is home to hospitals, clinics, medical centers, and healthcare providers that offer a range of medical services to residents. The province's healthcare sector plays a crucial role in ensuring access to quality healthcare services for the local population.



2. Education Services:

The province has schools, universities, vocational training centers, and educational institutions that provide academic and skill development services to students. The education sector in Khorasan Razavi contributes to knowledge dissemination, human capital development, and workforce training.



3. Hospitality and Tourism Services:

Khorasan Razavi's hospitality industry includes hotels, restaurants, tour operators, and travel agencies that cater to tourists visiting the region. The province's tourism services sector supports the hospitality industry by offering accommodation, dining, transportation, shopping centers, water parks and tour packages to visitors.



4. Financial Services:

Khorasan Razavi has banks, financial institutions, insurance companies, and investment firms that provide financial services to individuals and businesses. The province's financial sector facilitates banking transactions, lending, investment opportunities, and risk management services.





Khorasan Razavi Services Sector



5. Transportation and Logistics Services:

The transportation sector in Khorasan Razavi includes road networks, public transportation systems, freight services, and logistics companies that support the movement of goods and people within the province and beyond. Efficient transportation services are essential for economic activities and connectivity.



6. Professional Services:

Khorasan Razavi has a range of professional services such as legal, accounting, consulting, engineering, and IT services that cater to businesses and individuals seeking specialized expertise. These professional services support business operations, compliance, innovation, and project management.



7. Government Services:

Public administration, municipal services, and government agencies in Khorasan Razavi provide essential services to residents, including public safety, utilities, waste management, and regulatory oversight. Government services play a role in maintaining public infrastructure and ensuring the well-being of the community.



7-1. Offering Consular Services:

The presence of the representative of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs as well as the presence of 8 foreign offices (Consulate General of Afghanistan, Consulate General of Turkmenistan, Consulate General of the Republic of Turkey, Consulate General of the Republic of Iraq, Consulate General of Saudi Arabia, Consulate of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, Consular Affairs Office of the Embassy of Tajikistan in Tehran and the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) are working in this city and consular services related to foreign nationals, including the issuance of a 30 day visa at Mashhad International Airport, are among the duties of this agency as good facilities provided for foreign investors and tourists.

Overall, the services sector in Khorasan Razavi province encompasses a diverse range of industries that contribute to the region's economic development, social well-being, and quality of life. The healthcare, education, hospitality, financial, transportation, professional, and government services sectors play vital roles in meeting the needs of residents, supporting businesses, and fostering growth in the province.



Energy in Khorasan Razavi

The province of Khorasan Razavi in Iran is rich in natural resources, including mines, minerals, and energy sources. Here are some key points about the mines, minerals, and energy sector in Khorasan Razavi:

1. Energy Resources:

Khorasan Razavi also has significant energy resources, including natural gas and renewable energy sources such as solar and wind. The province's energy sector contributes to meeting the region's electricity demand and supporting industrial activities.

2. Renewable Energy Development:

: Khorasan Razavi has been investing in renewable energy projects to diversify its energy mix and reduce dependence on fossil fuels. Solar and wind power projects are being developed in the province to harness its renewable energy potential.

3. Energy Infrastructure:

The province has energy infrastructure, including power plants, transmission lines, and distribution networks, to ensure the reliable supply of electricity to residents, businesses, and industries in Khorasan Razavi.

4. Energy Efficiency:

Efforts are being made in Khorasan Razavi to improve energy efficiency and promote sustainable energy practices. Initiatives such as energy conservation programs and the adoption of energy-efficient technologies help reduce energy consumption and environmental impact.

Overall, the energy sector in Khorasan Razavi province plays a vital role in supporting industrial activities, economic development, and energy sustainability. The region's rich mineral resources, energy reserves, renewable energy potential, and commitment to responsible resource management position it as a key player in Iran's mining and energy landscape.





Retail in Khorasan Razavi

The retail sector in Khorasan Razavi province plays a significant role in the region's economy, providing goods and services to residents and contributing to employment and economic growth. Here are some key points about the retail sector in Khorasan Razavi:

1. Market Diversity:

Khorasan Razavi boasts a diverse retail market, with a wide range of shopping options available to residents. From traditional bazaars and markets to modern shopping malls and retail outlets, the province offers a variety of retail experiences to cater to different consumer preferences.

2. Local Products:

The retail sector in Khorasan Razavi showcases locally produced goods and handicrafts, reflecting the region's cultural heritage and craftsmanship. Local products such as saffron, carpets, textiles, and food items are popular among both residents and tourists.

3. Consumer Trends:

The retail sector in Khorasan Razavi responds to changing consumer trends and preferences, offering a mix of local and international brands to meet the diverse needs of shoppers. From traditional items to modern fashion, electronics, and household goods, retailers in the province adapt to evolving consumer demands.

4. Tourism Impact:

Khorasan Razavi's retail sector is influenced by tourism, as the province attracts visitors to historical sites, religious landmarks, and cultural attractions. Retailers in popular tourist destinations such as Mashhad cater to tourists by offering souvenirs, gifts, and local specialties.

5. E-commerce:

The rise of e-commerce has also impacted the retail sector in Khorasan Razavi, with more businesses embracing online sales and digital marketing strategies. Local retailers are tapping into the growing trend of online shopping to reach a wider customer base and enhance their competitiveness.

6. Employment Opportunities:

The retail sector in Khorasan Razavi provides employment opportunities for a significant portion of the local population, including sales staff, customer service representatives, store managers, and logistics professionals. The sector contributes to job creation and income generation in the province.

7. Regulatory Environment:

The retail sector in Khorasan Razavi operates within a regulatory framework that governs business practices, consumer rights, and market competition. Compliance with regulations ensures fair trade practices and consumer protection in the retail industry.

Overall, Khorasan Razavi province has a diverse economy supported by agriculture, industry, services, and trade. The province's rich resources, strategic location, and investment in infrastructure make it an important economic center in Iran.



The most important Trading partner

The most important trading partners of Khorasan Razavi province in Iran can vary based on the types of goods being traded and the economic relationships that have been established. However, some of the key trading partners of Khorasan Razavi may include:

1. China

China is a significant trading partner for Iran overall, and Khorasan Razavi may have trade relations with China for various goods and services.

2. Afghanistan:

Khorasan Razavi shares a border with Afghanistan, and trade between the two regions can be significant, particularly for agricultural products and consumer goods.

3. Iraq:

Iraq is another important trading partner for Iran, and Khorasan Razavi may engage in trade with Iraq for various commodities and goods.

4. Turkey:

Turkey is a key trading partner for Iran, and Khorasan Razavi may have trade relations with Turkey for a range of products, including textiles, machinery, and food products.

5. United Arab Emirates (UAE):

The UAE serves as a major trading hub in the region, and Khorasan Razavi may have trade relations with the UAE for re-exporting goods to other countries and accessing international markets.

Overall, Khorasan Razavi province has a diverse economy supported by agriculture, industry, services, and trade. The province's rich resources, strategic location, and investment in infrastructure make it an important economic center in Iran.



Most important Export industrial goods

The most important export industrial goods related to the culinary sector from Khorasan Razavi province in Iran include:



1. Processed Food Products:

Khorasan Razavi produces a variety of processed food products such as dried fruits, fruit preserves, and fruit juices for export markets.

2. Spices and Herbs:

The region is known for producing a wide range of spices and herbs that are used in culinary applications and exported to other countries.

3. Dairy Products:

Khorasan Razavi produces dairy products such as cheese, yogurt, and traditional dairy products that are exported to international markets.

4. Confectionery:

The province also manufactures confectionery products such as traditional sweets and candies that are popular in domestic and export markets.

5. Food Packaging:

Khorasan Razavi may also export food packaging materials and equipment used in the food industry to ensure the quality and safety of food products during transportation and storage.



These are some of the key export industrial goods related to the culinary sector from Khorasan Razavi province, contributing to Iran's culinary industry and export market.



Most important **Mineral export goods**

The most important mineral export goods from Khorasan Razavi province in Iran include:

1. Copper:

Khorasan Razavi is known for its copper deposits and mining activities, making copper one of the significant mineral exports from the region.

2. Iron Ore:

The province also has substantial iron ore reserves, and the mining and export of iron ore contribute significantly to the region's economy.

3. Cement

The province also has substantial iron ore reserves, and the mining and export of iron ore contribute significantly to the region's economy.

4. Gypsum:

The province also has substantial iron ore reserves, and the mining and export of iron ore contribute significantly to the region's economy.

5. Decorative Stones:

Khorasan Razavi is known for its deposits of decorative stones such as marble, travertine, and onyx, which are extracted and exported for use in construction and interior design.

These are some of the key mineral export goods from Khorasan Razavi province, highlighting the region's importance in Iran's mineral industry and export market.





Khorasan Razavi investment opportunity

Khorasan Razavi province in Iran offers several investment opportunities across various sectors. Here are some key sectors and areas that present potential investment opportunities in Khorasan Razavi:



1. Tourism and Hospitality:

Khorasan Razavi is home to the holy city of Mashhad, a major pilgrimage site for Shia Muslims. Investing in tourism infrastructure such as hotels, restaurants, tour operators, and transportation services can capitalize on the region's religious tourism and attract visitors from around the world.

2. Healthcare:

The healthcare sector in Khorasan Razavi presents opportunities for investment in hospitals, clinics, medical equipment, pharmaceuticals, and telemedicine services. With a growing population and demand for quality healthcare services, investing in this sector can yield long-term returns.

3. Agriculture and Agribusiness:

Khorasan Razavi has fertile agricultural lands suitable for cultivating crops, fruits, and livestock. Investing in agribusiness ventures such as farming, food processing, and agricultural technology can leverage the region's agricultural potential and contribute to food security.

4. Mining and Minerals:

The province is rich in mineral resources such as copper, coal, iron ore, and precious metals. Investing in mining projects, mineral exploration, and mining equipment manufacturing can tap into Khorasan Razavi's mineral wealth and support the development of the mining industry.

5. Manufacturing and Industrial Zones:

Khorasan Razavi has industrial zones and manufacturing clusters that offer opportunities for investment in sectors such as textiles, ceramics, machinery, and food processing. Setting up manufacturing facilities and production units in these zones can benefit from infrastructure support and access to markets.

6. Information Technology and Startups:

The province has a growing IT sector and a vibrant startup ecosystem. Investing in technology startups, software development, e-commerce platforms, and digital services can leverage Khorasan Razavi's skilled workforce and innovation potential.

7. Infrastructure Development:

Infrastructure projects in areas such as transportation, utilities, housing, and urban development present investment opportunities in Khorasan Razavi. Investing in infrastructure development can support economic growth, enhance connectivity, and improve quality of life for residents.

8. Renewable Energy:

Khorasan Razavi has potential for renewable energy projects such as solar power, wind energy, and biomass. Investing in renewable energy infrastructure and projects can contribute to sustainable development, reduce carbon emissions, and create new employment opportunities.

Overall, Khorasan Razavi province offers a range of investment opportunities across diverse sectors, catering to different investor interests and objectives. Conducting thorough market research, assessing risks and returns, and partnering with local stakeholders can help investors make informed decisions and capitalize on the potential of investing in Khorasan Razavi.





Province Customs

Khorasan Razavi province has two special economic zones (Sarakhs & Dugharon).

1. Dugharon Special Economic Zone:

This special economic area with an area of more than 8000 hectares is located at a distance of 220 km from south - east of Mashhad, in Taibad Town at a zero point border with the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan and its eastern side with a length of 8 km is connected to the common border line. Currently, it is the main export frontier of the Islamic Republic of Iran and the most important land border of Afghanistan to connect to the outside world, especially Europe and the Persian Gulf countries, and one of the most important routes in the major transit routes of the world, including the corridor of international transportation north - south, corridor Shipping Europe - Caucasus - Asia (Terasika), 16000 - kilometer long corridor of the Silk Road, Tar rail way corridor and the Asian Highway. The existence of Dugharon customs with more than 100 years of historical value, as the main gateway to trade with Afghanistan, has added to the importance of this region. Also, the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan has long been considered as a friend of neighboring country due to its cultural commons with the Islamic Republic of Iran, and Herat state as the economic pole of Afghanistan with a distance of 120 kilometers away from Dugharon border, has been the focus of business and traders in the target market of Afghanistan.

2. Sarakhs Special Economic Zone:

This special economic zone is located in the north - east of Iran in Khorasan Razavi province, in km20 from Sarakhs town, and at a distance of 165 km from east of Mashhad city. From north and northeast it is adjacent to Turkmenistan. One of the unique features of this area is the placement along the Mashhad - Sarakhs communication road and the adjoining Turkmenistan's railroads and, consequently, Central Asia with Iran. This area is used to benefit from the following potentials and infrastructures:

- The shortest way to reach the Central Asian countries of Russia and China (the most important gateway to the CIS region with access to railways - air and land).
- The shortest transit route east of Iran
- Having huge gas and water resources
- Having infrastructures of roads, air, railways, energy and telecommunications (access and connectivity of the Central Asia Broadway to the area and a lot of time and cost saving for merchants in proximity to the International airport of Sarakhs with the air border)
- Being at the zero point of the border and the possibility of expanding trade Neighboring Hasheminejad refinery and the possibility of deployment of downstream and sulfur - related industries. It is considered as one of the important trade and industrial poles in the north and east of the country

Province Customs:

Khorasan Razavi province has 5 active customs, 2 customs offices and 2 active border markets. Customs of Mashhad, Sarakhs Customs, Dogharoon Customs, Lotf Abad Customs, Bajgiran Customs

- **Mashhad Customs Area includes:** ● **Mashhad Customs**, Airport Customs, Railroad Customs, Terminal Customs, Postal Customs Service, Customs Export Office in Toos Industrial Town, Commercial Zone 2, located at the airport and private warehouses. The customs offices located at the provincial level are also the export office of Neyshabur, the export office of Gonabad.

- **Sarakhs customs** is located at km 15 from the special economic zone of Sarakhs and its activity area is the railway and special economic zone of Sarakhs.
- **Dugharon Customs** is located at km 18 from the border town of Taibad and is adjacent to the special economic zone of Dugharon and the big border market of Dugharon.
- **Lotf Abad Customs** is located at km 25 from Dargaz and in the vicinity of the Artigh customs house of Turkmenistan with an area of 18 hectares.
- **Bajgiran Customs** is located at km 84 from Quchan and at the zero point of Iran's border with Turkmenistan, and its distance from Ashgabat, capital of Turkmenistan is 38 km. The existence of a frontier marketplace is another feature of this customs.





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